



Invitation

LATCAM PRESENTATION WITH NETWORKING APERITIF

Keynote Presentation by Dr. Julio Velarde Governor, Central Reserve Bank of Peru

“Economic Policy in Peru – Long Term Challenges”

March 12, 2019

Zürcher Kantonalbank Steinfels, Josefstrasse 222, 8005 Zurich

PROGRAM

- 10:30 – 11:00 Registration and Networking Coffee
- 11:00 – 11:05 Welcome, René Flunser, Director Financial Institutions International, ZKB
- 11:05 – 11:10 Welcome, Joaquin Fischer, Managing Director, LATCAM
- 11:10 – 11:40 Keynote presentation by Dr. Julio Velarde Flores, Governor, Central Reserve Bank of Peru**
- 11:40 – 11:50 Q & A | Closing Remarks
- 11:50 – 13:10 Aperitif and Networking Lunch

ABOUT THE SPEAKER

Dr. Julio Velarde (66) is a Peruvian economist, appointed on September 7, 2006, as Governor of the Central Reserve Bank of Peru (BCRP), in the period 2006-2011. He was ratified in office to exercise new terms after the elections of President Ollanta Humala in 2011 and President Pedro Pablo Kuczynski in 2016. Velarde has held senior positions in the business and public sector, has published numerous books and conducted research and consultancy work for entities such as the Inter-American Development Bank, the World Bank, the International Development Agency, the International Labor Organization and the International Development Research Center of Canada, among others. He was dean of the Faculty of Economics of the Universidad del Pacífico and board member of the Central Reserve Bank of Peru. From 2003-2006 he was the Executive President of the Latin American Reserve Fund (FLAR). He was named the central banker of the year 2015 by The Banker, Global Markets, Latin Finance and Global Finance magazines, and the best central banker in Latin America of the year 2016 by Latin Finance magazine.

Julio Velarde graduated as a bachelor in Economics from the Universidad del Pacífico in 1974, and holds a master's degree (1977) and a PhD degree (1978) in Economics from Brown University. He made advanced studies of economics at the Kiel Institute for the World Economy (1990).

(Source: wikipedia, wikidata, Banxico, La República and others)